Aircraft Accidents for Airport Managers

FAA Safety Team (FAASTeam)

Scott Lynn

769-237-4896

FSDO Main Office 769-237-4930



Objectives

- Contacts and authority
- PPE, your safety comes first
- Hazards Associated with Aircraft Accidents
- Scene Preservation
- The Press and the Public

Activate 911

Do not hesitate, know that help is on its way!







If you are not certain if 911 has been notified, make the call yourself.



Who do you Call:



- 1. 24-hour Southern Region Operations Center
 - 404-305-5180
- 2. NTSB's 24-hour Response Operations Center
 - 844-373-9922
- 3. Jackson, MS Flight Standards Office

769-237-4930





WHO'S IN CHARGE?

- First Official on Scene, then
- FAA Inspector In Charge (IIC)
- NTSB (IIC) Investigates all <u>accidents</u>
- Military aircraft "onscene commander"





Large or Highly Publicized Accidents





Accident Response Priorities:

- Protection and Safety of the survivors and rescuers
- Protection of the public.
- Identification of potential hazardous materials
- Security of the accident site
- Preservation of evidence





Limit Access:

 FAA Aviation Safety Inspector with Identification (FAA ID)

NTSB Investigator with Identification

Law Enforcement and Crash, Fire,
 Rescue personnel <u>as required</u>





FAA Inspector Credentials:

An Inspector must always have Identification available:

U.S. Department of Transportation

Federal Aviation Administration

800 Independence Ave., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20591

This inspector is authorized under the provisions of 49 USC Section 40113 to perform Inspections, Investigations, and Enforcement. In the performance of official duties under these provisions, free and uninterrupted access must be provided to the pilot's compartment, airports, restricted areas, facilities, aircraft accidents, and aircraft governed by the Federal Aviation Regulations.

POSTMASTER: Return to: FLIGHT STANDARDS SERVICE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20591

IF FOUND—Drop in any U.S. Mailbox, as unauthorized possession or use makes offender liable to severe penalties. Title 18, U.S.C. Sec. 499.

- -FAA Issued ID or
- -FAA Issued Form 110A
- He may also have a badge



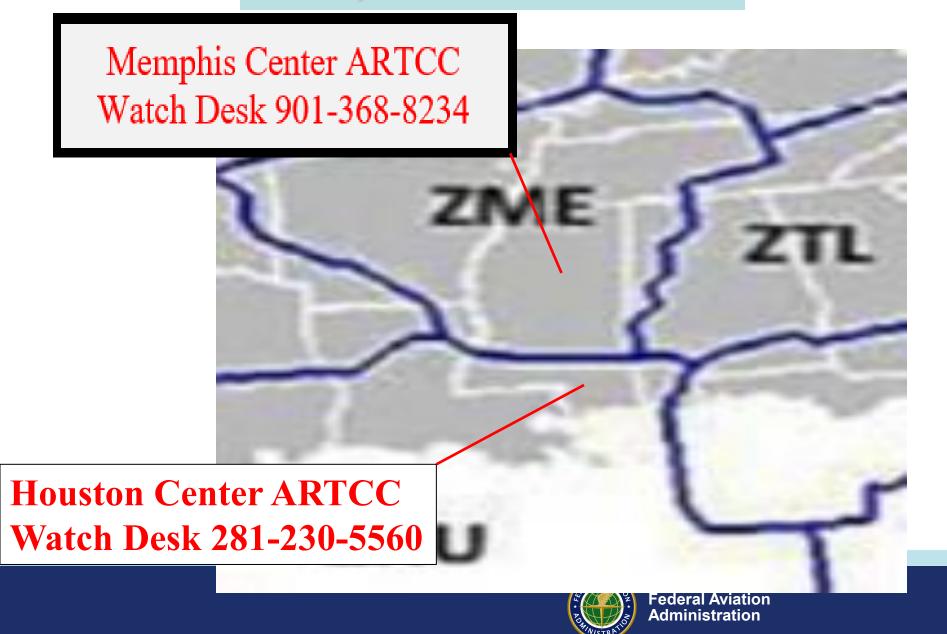
People Come First:

- > Safety of the occupants is your initial concern
- > Get help before you enter the scene
- ➤ Minimize Collateral Damage
- ➤ Limit access to necessary individuals ONLY!!

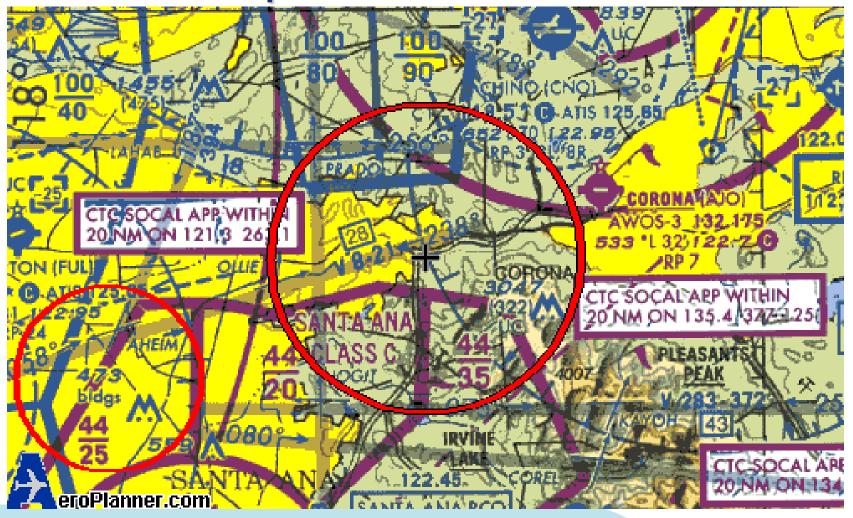




Airspace Protection



Airspace Protection







Do Not Disturb!

<u>WRECKAGE MAY NOT BE DISTURBED</u> <u>WITHOUT NTSB PERMISSION</u> <u>EXCEPT</u>;

- To remove injured or trapped persons
- ➤ To protect wreckage from further damage
- > To protect the public



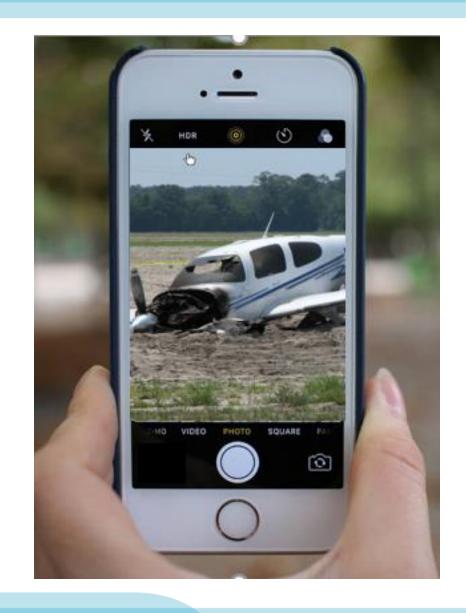


We all carry these...

First on scene?

Take as many photos as you can!

Advise the FAA that you have photos please.





Consider This:

Before you enter the accident scene...





STOP!!! Read the signs!





First things first...















Installation Examples:











AmSafe Support and Hotline:

AmSafe Contacts

James Crupi Manager, Programs & Technical Support (602) 850-2836 - Office (602) 628-0349 - Mobile jcrupi@amsafe.com Lee Langston
Airbag Systems Technical Support
(602) 850-2844 - Office
(602) 628-0336 - Mobile
llangston@amsafe.com

Airbag Support Hotline (602) 850-2787

Note: For access to additional AmSafe Seatbelt Airbag system information, please visit www.amsafe.com and select the AmSafe Aviation Customer/Partner Site link to register. Please be sure to specify "First Responder" in the NOTES section of the registration form to expedite access.

Additional First Responder Safety Reference Training Information is now available on the FAA website. The training material on this site is comprehensive to include a variety of potential hazardous material considerations when responding to an aircraft accident, to include: airbags, parachutes, medical supplies, oxygen, etc.

Please go to http://www.faa.gov/aircraft/gen_av/first_responders/ for this information.

AmSafe, Inc.,1043 N 47th Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85043





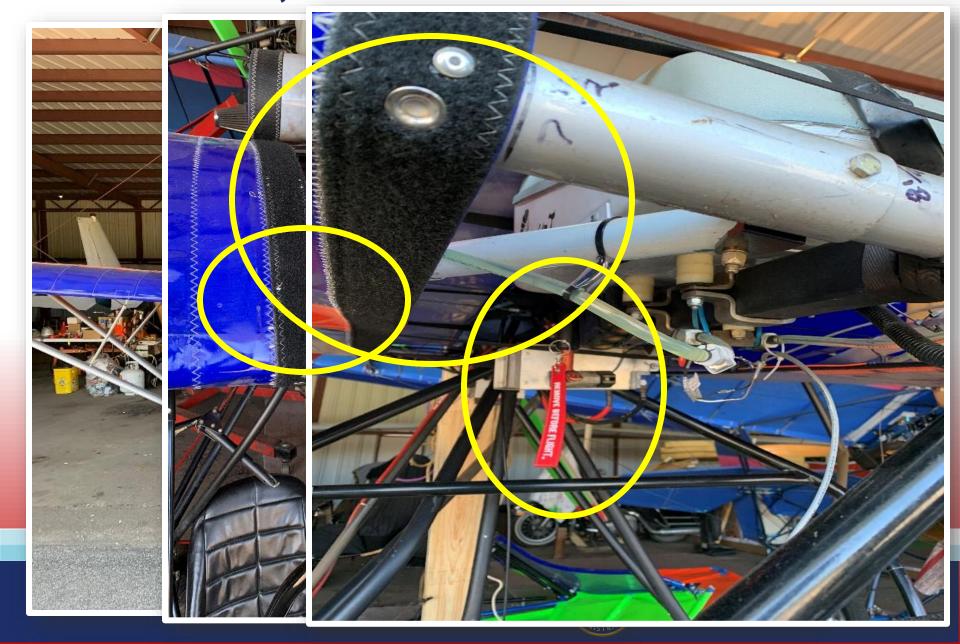
Things that go BOOM!!!



- Dead or Alive, this one is alive, the parachute is still in the bag.
- It will require disarming and removal of the Rocket Motor



Remember, Various Aircraft Can Have:



Disposing of BRS Rockets:

DISPOSTION OF ROCKET MOTOR

Later, after immediate concerns have been addressed, emergency workers are advised to remove the rocket motor and to completely disarm it by removing the rocket fuel, and firing the igniter. Alone, separated from the igniter, the rocket poses very little danger, but it should be stored in a secure location. BRS will provide assistance for this effort which can be obtained by calling:

BRS AIR SAFETY PHONE

763-226-6110 (U.S.) **EMERGENCY ONLY**

or;

Alternatively, contact Cirrus Design at:

800-279-4322 or 218-727-2737.









PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE



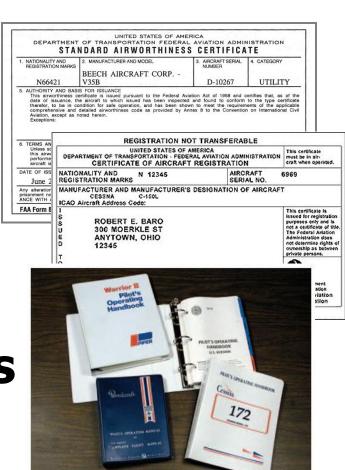
Do not disturb any instruments or controls...if possible!



PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE



Pilot and aircraft documents





Responsibility of all First Responders:

FAA Advisory Circular 150/5200-12C

Title 49 CFR 830



U.S. Department of Transportation

Federal Aviation

Advisory Circular

+

Subject: FIRST RESPONDERS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROTECTING EVIDENCE AT THE SCENE OF AN AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT/INCIDENT Date: 9/28/2009 Initiated by: AAS-300 AC No.: 150/5200-12C

Change:

PURPOSE. This advisory circular (AC) furnishes general guidance for airport employees, airport management, and other personnel responsible for aircraft rescue and firefighting (ARFF) operations at the scene of an aircraft accident on the proper preservation of evidence. It explains the need for preservation of evidence and details operational actions which may be permitted if performed in the interest of preserving life.

- CANCELLATION. AC 150/5200-12B, Fire Department Responsibility in Protecting Evidence at the Scene of an Aircraft Accident, dated September 3, 1999, is cancelled.
- 3. APPLICATION. The material contained in this AC is applicable for use on all civil airports. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) recommends the guidance and specifications in this Advisory Circular be used by First Responders responsible for protecting evidence at the scene of an aircraft accident/incident. In general, use of this AC is not mandatory. However, use of this AC is mandatory for all projects funded with federal grant monies through the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) and with revenue from the Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) Program. See Grant Assistance No. 34, Policies, Standards, and Specifications, and PFC Assurances No. 9, Standards and Specifications.

PRINCIPLE CHANGES.

- Title change: replaced Fire Department with First Responders.
- Section 4: added new Related Reading Material.
- Section 6: added figures showing representative Flight Data Recorders and Cockpit Voice Recorders.

5. RELATED READING MATERIAL.

- International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), Annex 13.
- International Fire Service Training Association (IFSTA), Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting, Fifth Edition CHAPTER 10.
- c. National Fire Equipment System (NFES) 2659, Interagency Aviation Mishap Response Guide and Checklist



Fatalities:

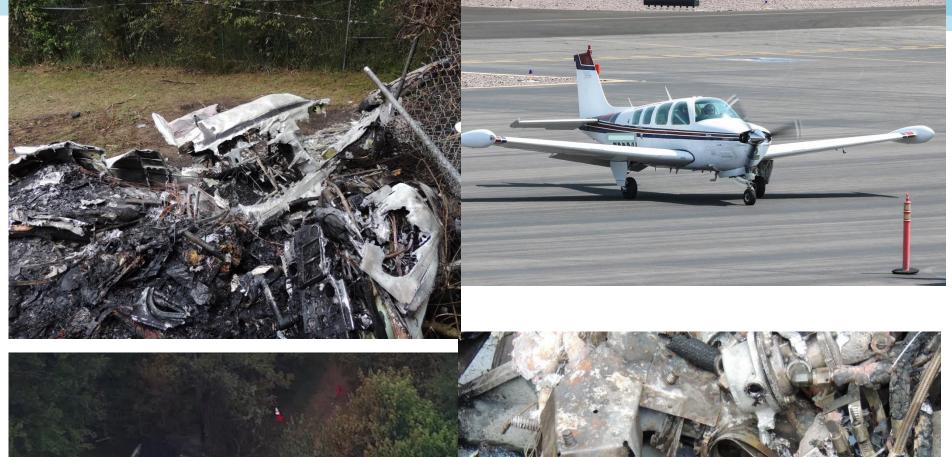
- Remove Bodies
 (FAA or NTSB must approve first)
- Document everything prior to and after removal:
 - Location (Photo of body before moving)
 - Condition (Frozen, cyanotic, etc.)
 - Position <u>Prior</u> to removal (even if outside the aircraft)

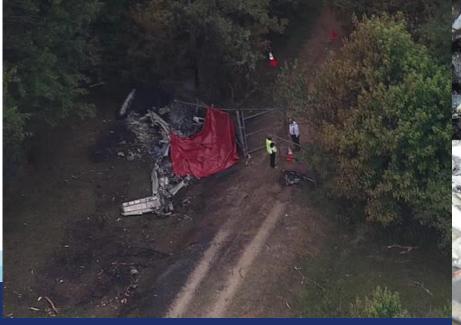
FAA will provide a toxicology container or

"TOX BOX" for the MS Crime Lab

The bodies will be sent to the MS Crime Lab for autopsy

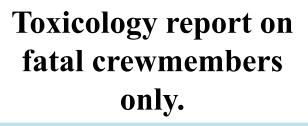
















Cockpit Recorders





JUST THE FACTS MA'AM...

BE CAREFUL ABOUT EXPRESSING OPINIONS OR SUSPICIONS!

If you have objective information,

give it to the right people:

- NTSB IIC, or

FAA IIC, or

Local law Enforcement

Watch out for the eyes and ears of the Media!



The Media Listens:

Long range microphones can hear a whispered conversation up to 90 degrees either direction and up to 300 feet away.













A pageant contestant who was also a pilot died after crash landing a plane



By Deanna Hackney and Hollie Silverman, CNN



Lake Little died after crash landing a plane she was piloting.

(CNN) — An 18-year-old pageant contestant who was also a pillot died after crashing her plane while practicing takeoffs and landings on a golf course Saturday.



Cameron Boyce, Disney star, dies at 20 after a seizure,



Jeffrey Epstein's arrest shows the power of one newspaper's...



Lake Little

Here's what we've discussed...

- Contacts and authority
- PPE, your safety comes first
- Hazards Associated with Aircraft Accidents
- Scene Preservation
- The Press and the Public



Thank you!

Questions?????

Scott Lynn 769-237-4896

